

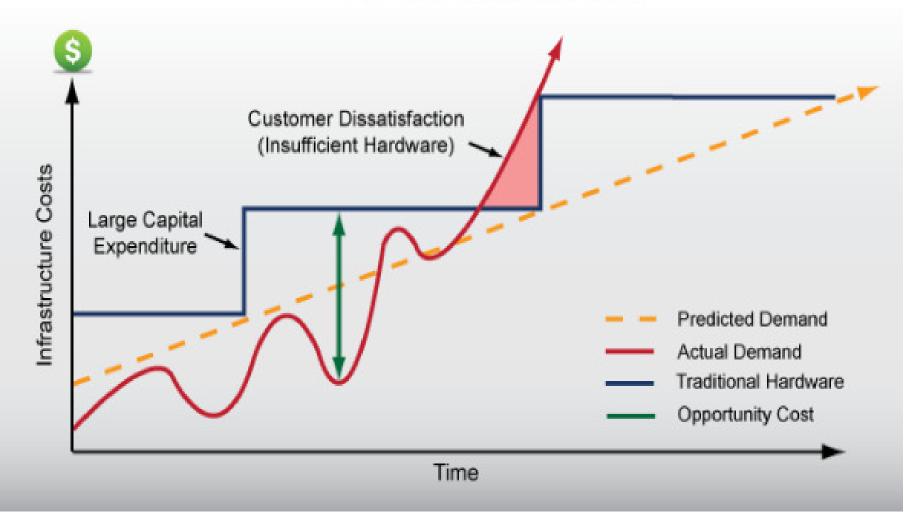
Innovation \rightarrow Execution \rightarrow Solution \rightarrow Delivered

Scalable Architecture on Amazon AWS Cloud

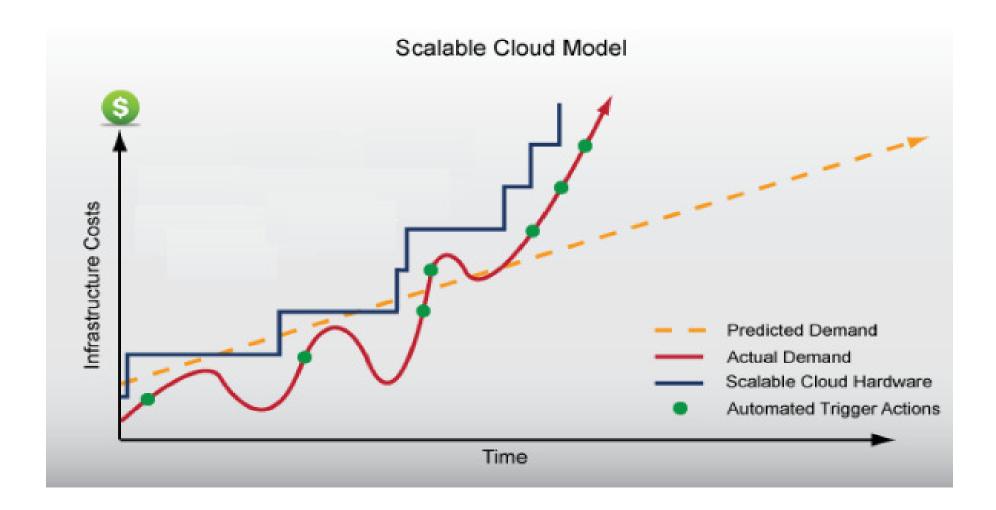
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Traditional Hardware Model



* http://www.rightscale.com/products/cloud-computing-uses/scalable-website.php



Architect to scale on-demand and provision as per current requirements

Ideal model for unpredictable and variable loads

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Scalability Requirements

- Increase in resources \rightarrow Increase in performance
- Predictability
- Low Latency
- High Reliability
- Dynamism: Number of users, volume of data, skews
- Operational efficiency
- Costs should not scale ^(C)
 - {Elasticity, Scalability, Resiliency}

Scalability Perspectives

- What needs to scale?
 - Compute IO Latency
 - Memory
 Provisioning time
 - Network

• Storage

- Backup / Restore times
- Failover
- Monitoring Ops
- Vertical scalability
- Horizontal scalability
- Scale across geographies
- HPC workloads
- Data Processing workloads

Vertical Scalability

- When scale is predictable and linear
- When you do not want to spend on re-architecting the application or deployment
- Increase instance sizes
 - 1 33.5 EC2 Compute Units
 - 613MB memory to 68GB memory
 - Size or number of EBS disks
- HPC Instances
 - 10 Gigabit ethernet
 - Higher IOPS for EBS disks

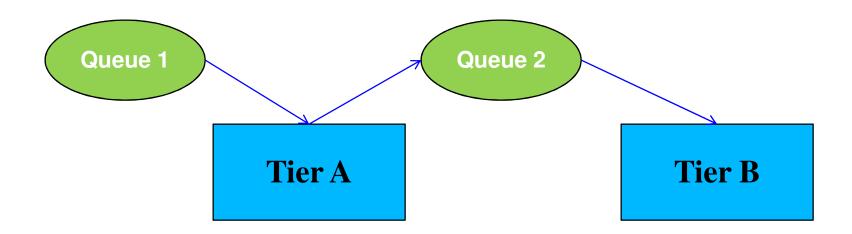
Limitations....

Good Cloud Architecture Principles

- Failures should not be considered interesting
- Assume everything fails
- Use loosely coupled components with defined service contracts
- Increase resources proportional to the requirements
- Automate for operational efficiency
- Design for resiliency
- Learn about efficient usage of each service
- Optimize costs through good architecture

Scaling multi-tier stacks – 1

- Service Oriented Architecture
 - Loosely coupled
 - Standard service contracts
 - Web Services
 - Enables independent tiers for deployment & management
- Messaging / Queue layer



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Scaling multi-tier stacks – 2

- Amazon SQS: Reliable, scalable, hosted queue; exposed as web service
- RabbitMQ: Open-source HA messaging system, clustering support
- BeanStalkD: Simple, fast work queue

Clustering Application Servers

- JBoss App Server, IBM WebSphere Application Server
- Add or remove nodes on the fly automate through scripting
- Stateless behavior can be added when necessary
- VPC does not work across availability zones (AZ) in the pipeline though

Elastic Load Balancing, Auto Scaling

Amazon Elastic Load Balancing

- Distributes incoming traffic to your application across several EC2 instances
- Detects unhealthy instances and reroutes traffic

Auto-Scaling

- Enabled by CloudWatch: Monitoring, custom metrics, free tier, graphs and statistics
- Rule-based automatic scaling of your EC2 capacity
- Based on metrics including resource utilization, software stack metrics or custom metrics
- N+1 redundancy

Monitoring & Logging

Amazon CloudWatch

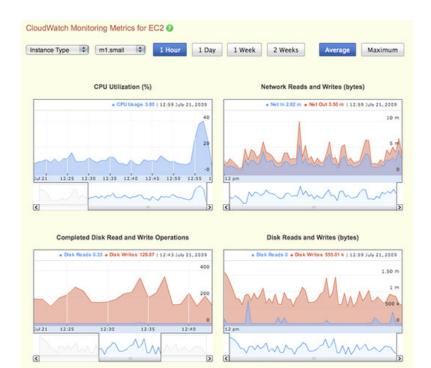
- Monitoring for AWS cloud resources & applications
- Collect and track metrics CPU, latency, request counts, custom metrics

Monitoring with your own tools

• Using Hyperic or Nagios for monitoring specific layers of your stack or to leverage existing investments

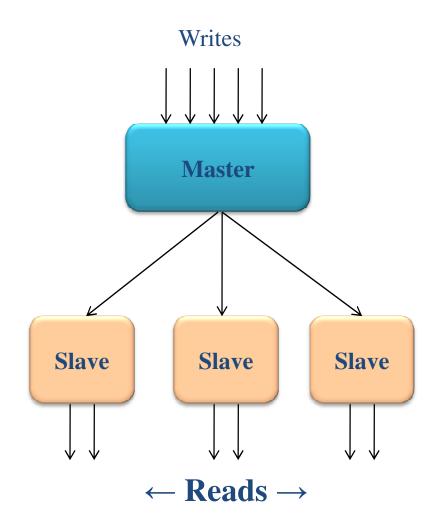
Logging

• No dependency on instances – copy necessary logs to S3 periodically



Databases - Replication

- Master-Slave Replication (MySQL, Oracle RAC)
- Writes on master
- Reads distributed across slaves
- Works well in read mostly scenarios
- Slave lag issue

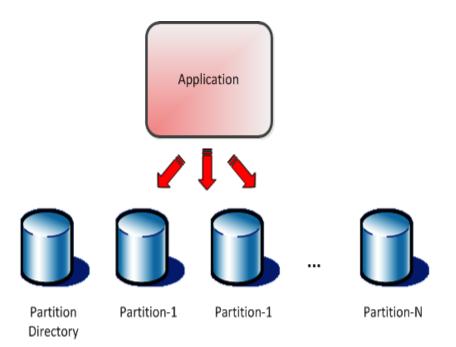


Databases – Sharding

- Partition data across masters
- Writes & Reads are distributed
- Application needs modification
- Needs choice of partitioning strategy for uniform data distribution

Example

- Evernote uses database sharding – localized failures, no need for joins
- Each shard handles all data & traffic for about 100,000 users



Databases – Amazon SimpleDB

- Schema-less distributed key-value store
- Highly reliable and scalable (redundancy across geos)
- Automatic indexing of columns
- API based global access
- Supports multiple values for key/attributes
- Eventual consistency or consistency speed or consistency?

Limitations

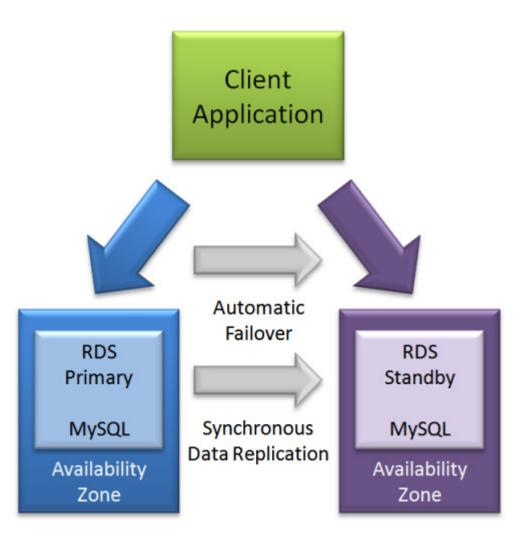
• No joins, No transactions, No aggregators, text searches

NoSQL

• MongoDB, Cassandra, Redis

Databases – Amazon RDS

- Relational Database Service (RDS) from AWS
- Scale your DB layer with minimum administration
- MySQL and Oracle supported
- Import existing databases & no changes to applications
- Multi-AZ deployments supported
- Manages backup of your database and enables restore from DB snapshots



Reserving Scalability

Reserved Instances

- AWS has finite hardware capacity
- Provisioning times can vary
- Use few reserved instances to "book" capacity in advance (also take advantage of lower prices)
- Can be done across availability zones to ensure DR

Larger EBS disks

- Create larger EBS disks to ensure better performance
- Netflix creates 1TB disks in this manner

Scalability using PaaS

Amazon Elastic Beanstalk

- Platform-as-a-Service with deployment, capacity provisioning, load balancing, auto-scaling & application health monitoring
- Application versioning support (rollback if needed)
- Uses EC2, S3, RDS, SimpleDB, Load Balancer, CloudWatch
- Retain control of your infrastructure if desired
- Other PaaS products
 - CloudBees, DotCloud, PHP Fog
 - Java, PHP, RoR, MongoDB, MySQL.....

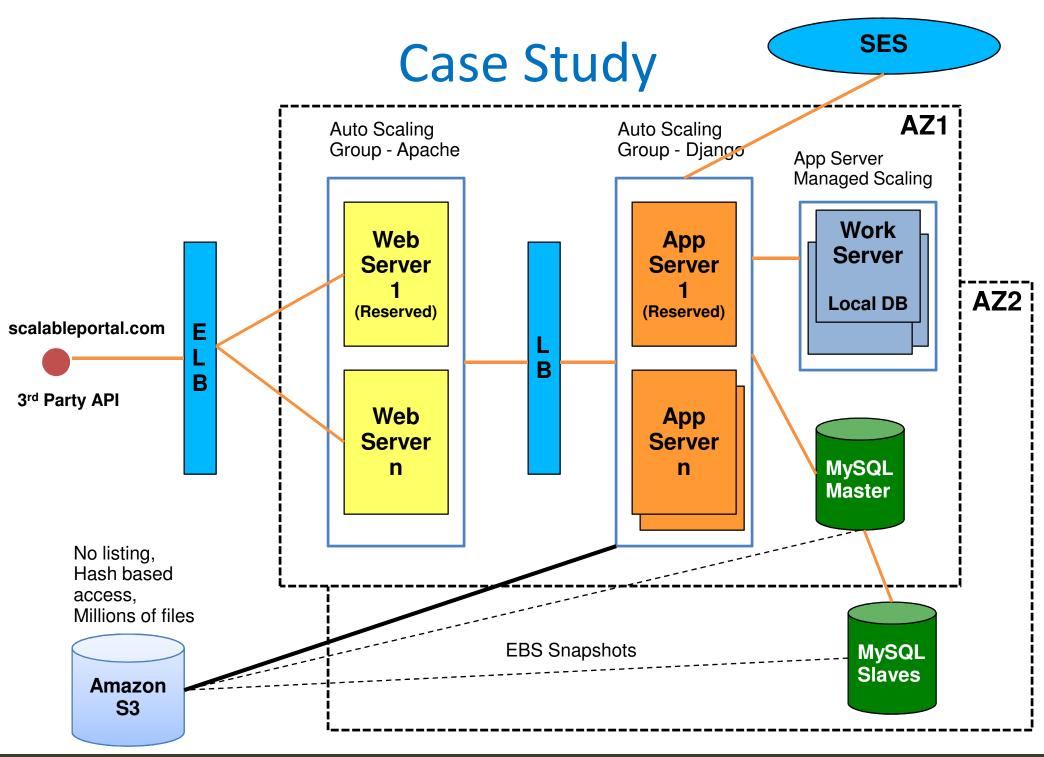
Automation for managing scale

CloudFormation

- Templatize your stack
- Predictable provisioning of your stack

RightScale

- Sophisticated cloud management platform
- Templates, automation, orchestration, portability
- Tools, Connectors, Enablers
 - Automated orchestration & setup
 - Snapshot management
 - Monitor security groups and firewalls



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There are some limits...

- EC2 has limit of 20 instances
- S3 has limit of 100 buckets
- Simple Email Service (SES) has a daily sending quota
- NOTE: All of these limits can be increased or waived by requesting AWS. Ensure to do this before you hit the limits in production.

Scale but minimize costs - 1

Use of Reserved Instances

- Commitment for upto 1-3 years with some upfront payment
- Actual usage cost is much lower
- If used for more than 6 months in a year, can be 30-45% cheaper than on-demand instances

Reduced Redundancy Storage

 Reduce costs by storing non-critical data at lesser redundancy and lesser availability/durability of 99.99%

Instance Sizes

• Run some smaller instances as part of clusters

Scale but minimize costs - 2

Data Transfer beyond 10TB

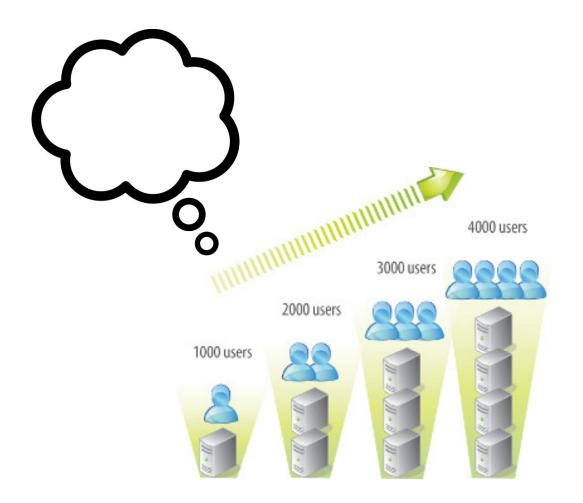
• Consolidate AWS accounts so that higher usage translates to saved costs. \$0.15 upto 10TB and \$0.11 beyond 10TB.

Identify extra capacity

• Use monitoring to identify unused capacity & optimize

Spot Instances

- Bid for unused capacity choose your maximum price
- Get more within your existing budget



Questions?

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